

Comparative Study: Scientific Research Group Data Management Practices & Local Data Repositories

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Background

- An increasing number of scientific research groups (SRGs) in the earth and environmental sciences are considering ways to provide data access. Data repositories in a variety of sizes and configurations have emerged in the last decades. Preparing data for release to a digital repository requires new kinds of data practices particularly when scientific inquiry involves the heterogeneity of data associated with fieldwork in the natural sciences.

Object of Study

The decisions a research group makes about data management and data sharing may hinder or foster the growth of information infrastructure needed for identification, description, and aggregation of datasets as well as for coordination via systems, standards and partnering. The **object of study** will be decisions made relating to data management including data policy, selection, metadata, and distributions of data related work.

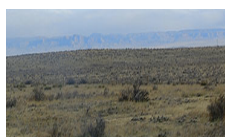
Methods

An ethnographic approach is planned with data for this study collected at the sites, thus taking into account the actual work settings. A participant observation role will be adopted at meetings. Semi-structured interviews and document analysis will be carried out for each case.

The Sites & Their Characteristics



TFSE
Illinois River Ecology
New Site



SGS LTER
Prairie Ecology
Site in Transition



NCAR/EOL
Atmospheric Science
Mature Site

The **unit of analysis** for the study is scientific research groups associated with a data repository. The SRGs represent a convenience sample of differing site-repository configurations and maturity.

Sites	Environmental Field Stations TFSE Emiquon, Illinois River	SGS LTER Shortgrass Steppe	National Research Center NCAR/EOL Atmospheric Research
Stage of site development	new	mature site in transition	mature
Scientific focus	ecological and restoration science research station: site of independent studies in coordination with partners, e.g. INHR and USGS	ecological science research station: long-term study with LTER network office as communication hub	atmospheric science data hub and field instrumentation coordination for multiple independent projects
Study coordination	new	mature	mature
Stage of DM development	new	in transition	advanced
Stage of data infrastructure	new	site-based information system and interoperability	data composites and project-oriented information system and archive
DM goals	define data management	from SGS LTER project-oriented data management team to CSU Libraries IR	data management group supporting local and community projects
DM evolution	computer scientist and data manager initiating data management	yes	yes
Data repository	no	yes	yes
Liaison role	planning ongoing	information manager position embedded in science-driven long-term project and member of Network IM Committee	data management group has full time staff; facility groups have project scientist liaison to DM
Study site	Illinois River and floodplains situated on Nature Conservancy land	prairie biome in Eastern Colorado situated on USDA ARS experimental range land and USFS public land	atmospheric sampling for projects with aircraft and instrument facilities
Configuration	site-based, independent field science projects	site-based collaborative science with embedded IM	project-based partnering for atmospheric field campaigns
Funding	individual researchers have state, university, INHS, USGS, NSF	long-term site-based multi-investigator funding ending	multiple national agencies
Organizational home	University of Illinois Springfield (undergraduate)	Colorado State University	NCAR Earth Observing Laboratory Division
Primary partners	Nature Conservancy, Illinois Natural History Survey	LTER Network; transitioning to Colorado State University Libraries	UCAR, University of Colorado
Date began	2008	1982	1967
Date end	ongoing	2014	ongoing

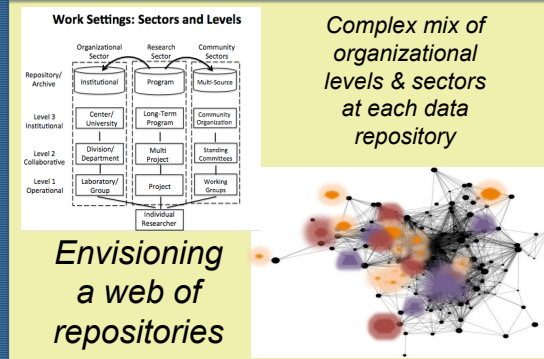
Acknowledgements

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Some Research Questions

What are the characteristics of scientific data repositories? What is their impact on related SRGs? What are key decisions that scientists make about their data and its management? What are measures of maturity & kinds functionality for data management and repository development?

Repository Relations



Conclusion

The diversity of existing repository configurations is noteworthy. Empirical studies of scientific research groups currently associated with data repositories at various stages of development can contribute to understandings of how to support scientific data practices and can inform development of new repositories.